

Laws of Cricket Questions

Annual Convention 2021



Question 1

A No ball is played by the striker and the ball accidentally lodges in a close-in fielder's pocket. Not knowing where the ball is, the batters immediately take off for a run. The fielder collects the ball from her pocket, putting the wicket down with the striker out of her ground. There is an appeal. What happens now?

Question 2

A striker initially makes contact with the ball using his bat then, for the sole purpose of guarding his wicket, kicks the ball away and into the outfield. The batters commence running and have crossed on their first run when the bowler's end wicket is fairly put down with the striker short of their ground. There is an appeal. What happens now?

Question 3

A No ball is played by the striker into the outfield and the batters run. As the bowler's end umpire, you notice the striker fail to make good their ground on the first run before the batters go on to complete a further two runs. When the ball becomes dead, you begin to signal short run to the scorers when you hear your colleague calling "short run" as well. What happens now?

Question 4

- a) The sixth wicket falls and the umpire calls "Time" to commence an interval for drinks. When does the next batter's innings commence?

- b) The seventh wicket falls immediately after the interval for drinks. When does the next batter's innings commence?

Question 5

The striker has a runner. He hits the ball and he, his runner and the non-striker all run. They have completed one run when the wicket at the wicket-keeper's end is fairly put down. There is an appeal. How shall the striker's end umpire answer it?

Question 6

The striker has a runner. She hits the ball and she, her runner and the non-striker all run. They have completed one run when the wicket at the bowler's end is fairly put down. There is an appeal. How shall the bowler's end umpire answer it?

Question 7

A fairly delivered ball first hits the pad of the striker who has made no attempt to play the ball with his bat nor try to avoid it. Before touching the ground, the ball inadvertently contacts her bat and is caught on the full by a fielder. How does the umpire answer the appeal?

Question 8

A fairly delivered ball first hits the pad of the striker who has made no attempt to play the ball with her bat nor try to avoid it. The ball then inadvertently contacts her bat and runs into the field. The batters start to run and have crossed when the ball contacts a helmet placed on the ground behind the wicket-keeper. What happens now?

Question 9

A fairly delivered ball first hits the pad of the striker who has made no attempt to play the ball with his bat nor try to avoid being hit by it. The ball then inadvertently contacts his bat and runs into the field. The batters start to run and have crossed when the wicket at the striker's end is fairly put down with the non-striker well short. There is an appeal. How shall the striker's end umpire answer it?

Question 10

The striker hits the ball high in the air towards a fielder. The batters complete one run and turn for a second as the fielder is about to catch the ball. The non-striker shouts, "drop it!" The fielder drops the attempted catch but appeals. How does the umpire answer the appeal?

Question 11

The striker hits a No ball high in the air towards a fielder. The batters complete one run and turn for a second as the fielder is about to catch the ball. The non-striker shouts, "drop it!" The fielder drops the attempted catch but appeals. How does the umpire answer the appeal?

Question 12

Stumps is scheduled for 5:30pm. The fifth wicket of an innings falls at 4:05pm. There is a delay of four minutes with no new batter appearing, yet no appeal from the fielding side for Timed out. The umpires call "Time" at 4:09pm and investigate the matter. The umpires find that the batting side is not refusing to play and the match resumes at 4:18pm.

a) What time is play due to end for the day?

b) After the investigation, there is an appeal for Timed out. What happens now?

c) What if, after four minutes had initially elapsed and before the umpires called "Time", an appeal was made for Timed out. What would happen then?

Question 13

The wicket-keeper is up to the stumps for a spinner when the striker attempts to play a late cut to a ball which has already passed the line of their wicket. In playing the shot, the striker collects the wicket-keeper's gloves and is unable to play the ball. What happens now?

Question 14

A 20-minute Tea interval is scheduled for 3:10pm. At 2:30pm, the players and umpires leave the field of play due to rain. It is still raining at 2:40pm. At what time shall the Tea interval be taken?

Question 15

A 20-minute Tea interval is scheduled for 3:10pm. The side batting are eight wickets down when a batter retires at 3:08pm. What happens now?

Question 16

A 40-minute Lunch interval is scheduled for 12:30pm. The ninth wicket of the innings falls off the last ball of the over in progress at 12:33pm. What happens now?

Question 17

You are the bowler's end umpire. The striker hits the third ball of the over into the covers and runs. The batters have crossed on their first run when, the striker stumbles and collapses, failing to make her ground at the bowler's end. The fielding side return the ball to the bowler's end but do not attempt a Run out. She recovers and is able to continue her innings.

a) What should you do?

b) How many runs are scored?

c) Who should face the next delivery?

d) How many balls remain in the over?

Question 18

The non-striker, attempting to run on a ball that has gone through to the wicket-keeper, sees that he will be out of his ground if the wicket-keeper throws down the stumps. He throws his bat at the wicket, dislodging the bails just before the ball hits the stumps. There is an appeal. What happens now?

Question 19

You are the striker's end umpire. The scores are level with the batting side nine wickets and one ball remaining. The delivery is called and signalled Wide. The wicket-keeper, who is up to the stumps, puts the wicket down with the striker out of her ground not attempting a run.

a) There is an appeal. What is your response, and consequently, the result of the match?

b) After the players and umpires leave the field, a mistake is found in scoring which leaves the scores level. Does the result of the match change? What happens now?

Question 20

You and your partner arrive at the ground early on the second day of the match and observe the fielding side practising on the square, right next to the match pitch. What action do you take?

Question 21

An injured batter with a runner is on strike. Before the ball reaches the striker, you notice the runner has left their ground. The striker hits the fairly delivered ball high in the air and the runner and non-striker start to run. A fielder takes a fair catch, with both the runner and the non-striker having completed one run and commenced a second.

a) What action should the striker's end umpire take?

b) What action should the bowler's end umpire take?

c) There are still two balls remaining in the over, who faces the next delivery?
